#### The Impact of ZEVs on State-Generated Transportation Revenues in California

#### Presentation to the California Transportation Commission

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#### Acknowledgements

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#### The question:

# How will growing numbers of light-duty ZEVs impact state transportation revenues through 2040?

# Methods



#### Projections

Projected future transportation revenue in California to 2040 using:

- Spreadsheet models
- Readily available data (i.e., US International Energy Agency)
- Widely-used assumptions

Key independent variables: state population, # of vehicles, VMT, gas and diesel fuel prices, and adoption rates for ICE vehicles and ZEVs

#### The taxes/fees projected

All taxes/fees collected by the State of California that met three criteria:

- 1. Collected from light-duty vehicle owners and users
- 2. Amount of revenue collected depends at least in part on the vehicle's fuel source (ICE or ZEV)
- 3. Proceeds are dedicated to transportation programs

## Taxes and fees projected

Gasoline taxes	
Base excise tax	30¢ per gallon
Swap excise tax	17.3¢ per gallon (effective 7/1/2019)
Diesel taxes	
Excise tax	36¢ per gallon
Swap sales tax	5.75% on purchase price
Vehicle fees (annual)	
Transportation Improvement Fee (TIF)	\$25 - \$175; rate depends on vehicle value
Road Improvement Fee (RIF)	\$100 per ZEV (effective 7/1/2020)

#### Results from 2 scenarios compared

1. Low-adoption scenario:

ZEV ownership grows at the historical rate of net increase (~ 26,000 vehicles per year)

2. High-adoption scenario:

California reaches its goal of 5 million ZEVs by 2030

# Findings



### Total revenue, both scenarios



## Total revenue, by source



Percent of Total Revenue

Low Adoption Scenario

High Adoption Scenario

#### **TIF revenue**



#### **RIF** revenue



Projected revenue, mean estimate

Projected revenue, probable range

1500

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*Note*: Revenue from the low ZEV adoption scenario is too small to show.

# Conclusions



#### Summary of findings on revenues

- Total revenue in 2040 will fall somewhere between \$8.3 and \$12 billion
- Revenues are likely to be <u>higher</u> under the high-adoption scenario, because CA collects annual vehicle fees as well as fuel taxes
- If ZEV prices fall much faster than anticipated, revenue could fall below these projections

#### Want to learn more?

Reports:

*The Impact of ZEV Adoption on California Transportation Revenue*. MTI, July 2019.

<u>The Future of California Transportation Revenue</u>. MTI, October 2018

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