

# 2020 STIP Fund Estimate Draft Assumptions

Presented to the California Transportation Commission

## **Assumptions Background**

- Discussion of Options & Significant Issues
  - No Commission action required at this meeting
  - Determines STIP and SHOPP capacity
  - Subsequent legislation & budgetary changes could impact final assumptions
  - Authority to postpone adoption



## **Components of the Draft Assumptions**

#### Section One - Options

Outlines the major revenue-based assumptions, offering alternatives for the Commission's review and input/recommendation

### Section Two – Significant Issues

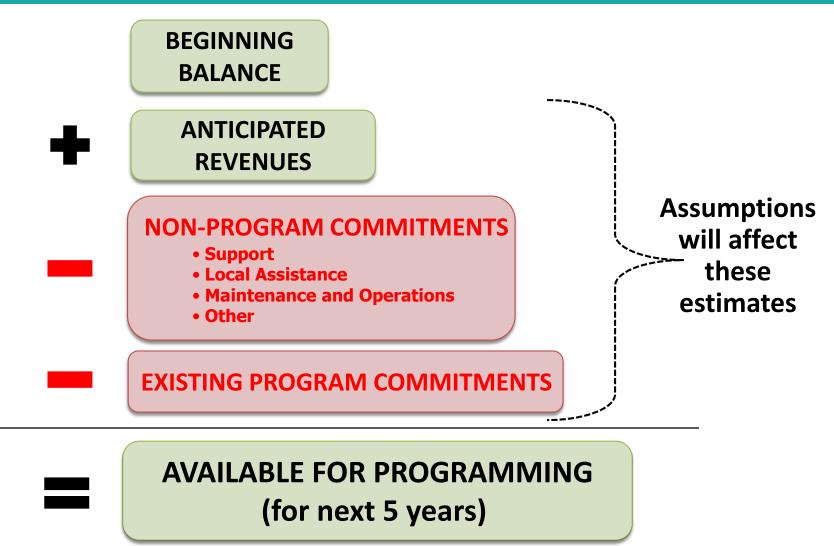
Details assumptions which may impact capacity over the Fund Estimate period if the current law changes

### Section Three – Assumptions

Provides a list of individual assumptions that impact the Fund Estimate



## **Cash Flow Methodology**





- Economy's Impact on Revenues (Fuel Consumption Projections)
  - Projections derived from numerous sources
    - Alternative A: ExxonMobil = \$3.396 billion for STIP
    - Alternative B: Energy Information Administration = \$3.097 billion for STIP
    - Alternative C: Department of Finance = \$3.072 billion for STIP
    - ➤ Alternative D: Air Resources Board = \$3.022 billion for STIP
- Caltrans Recommends Alternative C (Department of Finance Projections)
  - Specific to California
  - Analyzes fuel types individually



#### Federal Revenues

- Alternative A = \$18.5 billion in Obligation Authority (OA)
- > Alternative B = \$19.2 billion in OA
- Alternative C = \$19.7 billion in OA

#### Caltrans Recommends Alternative B

- Continuation of current escalation
- Offers a moderate approach
- Approach is consistent with federal policy



### Capital Project Cost Escalation

- Alternative A = California Highway Construction Cost Index (CHCCI) rate of 5.3 percent
  - CHCCI was used in the 2018 Fund Estimate cycle
- > Alternative B = IHS Global Insight rate of 3.2 percent
  - Utilizing an average of rates over a five-year period
- Alternative C = Department of Finance rate of 2.9 percent

### Caltrans Recommends Alternative B (Global Insight)

- Global Insight rate offers industry specific cost indexing
- Global Insight rate is forward-looking over the Fund Estimate period



### Minor Program Reservation Amount

- Alternative A = Leave Minor Program funding at \$150 million
- Alternative B = Increase Minor funding to \$250 million annually
- Alternative C = Increase Minor funding to \$350 million annually

### Caltrans Recommends: Alternative B (Increase Minor Program funding to \$250 million)

- Greater opportunity for urgent response
- Increase ability to utilize small businesses
- Quicker delivery for short-term highway needs
- More robust portfolio of projects to address projects that are beyond scope of Maintenance Program



#### Motor Vehicle Account Transfers

- Alternative A = Assume the State Controller's Office will not make any transfers to the SHA over the FE period
- Alternative B = Assume the Controller will transfer \$10 million each year over the FE period
- Alternative C = Assume the Controller will transfer \$18 million each year over the FE period
- Caltrans Recommends: Alternative A (Assumes no transfer)
  - Legislative Analyst Office expects MVA insolvency in 2021-22



## **Key Assumptions - Significant Issues**

#### State Transit Assistance

- Approximately 77 percent of revenues from sales tax on diesel are transferred to State Transit Assistance or State Rail Assistance
  - Revenue estimates contingent upon diesel fuel price volatility

#### Section 183.1 Revenues

■ Law requires Section 183.1 revenues be transferred to the Transportation Debt Service Fund

#### Senate Bill 1 and Senate Bill 132

Senate Bill 132 commits SHA and PTA resources for specific projects



## **Legislative Uncertainty**

- Changes in Law Often Affect Revenues After Adoption of the Fund Estimate
  - Assumptions and methodology cannot account for changes in law that occur subsequent to adoption of the FE
  - Each of the last nine Fund Estimates have been impacted by legislation occurring during the development process
  - Potential 2020 FE issues:
    - Disposition of Transportation Funding at the State Level
    - Changes in Federal Funding



## **Next Steps**

- Work with Commission Staff
  - Incorporate feedback and finalize assumptions
- Final Assumptions Approved During the May Commission Meeting
- Remaining Timeline:

Date	Objective
May 15-16	FE Assumptions approved by Commission
June 26-27	Draft FE presented to Commission
August 14-15	Final FE presented to Commission for adoption

